



Arizona Climate Summary

Summary of conditions for July 2025

Published August 21, 2025

July 2025 Summary

This July tied as the 24th hottest on record with a departure of 1.4°F from the 1895-2025 mean of 80.1°F. Although monsoonal activity began at the start of the month, the state received 0.89 inches of precipitation, ranking as the 14th driest. Yuma County experienced their 3rd driest July on record (tying with 1993), while Maricopa County saw their 9th driest July on record (tying with 1943). For the water year to date (October-July), Arizona ranked as the 5th hottest (tying with 1934 and 2015) and the 5th driest.

An abundance of moisture streamed into the state at the start of July, triggering showers and thunderstorms. On July 1, Seligman received 0.14 inches of precipitation, Bellemont received 0.12 inches of precipitation, and McNeal received 0.10 inches of precipitation. Increasing dew point temperatures led to the mark of this year's legacy start date for monsoon season, which is indicated by the first of three consecutive days that have an average dew point temperature of 54°F for Tucson and 55°F for Phoenix. This year, the legacy start date was July 2 for both locations. That day, Show Low received 0.68 inches of precipitation, Tucson received 0.38 inches of precipitation, Litchfield Park received 0.24 inches of precipitation, and Phoenix received 0.16 inches of precipitation. Marble-sized hail (0.50 inches in diameter) was reported southeast of the Flagstaff Mall and southwest of Vicksburg in La Paz County, a trained storm spotter near Payson observed 1.54 inches of rainfall in two hours, and an 83 mph wind gust was measured in Patagonia. Heavy rainfall from nearby thunderstorms led to a 5.9 foot rise in 45 minutes on the Agua Fria River at Cordes Lakes (USGS river gauge), and a 6.3 foot rise in 15 minutes on the Agua Fria River at Kelton Ranch (Yavapai County river gauge) with a peak flow of 9515 cfs. West of Tucson, 56 people lost their power, and west of Queen Creek, visibilities dropped under a mile due to a dust storm.

New daily maximum rainfall records were set in a few areas on July 3, including Bisbee-Douglas (1.36 inches; previous record 1.18 inches in 1984), Williams (0.92 inches; previous record 0.81 inches in 1954), and Robson Ranch (0.32 inches; previous record trace in 2015). Quarter-sized hail (1.00 inches in diameter) fell west-southwest of Cornville and Dewey-Humboldt, while penny-sized hail (0.75 inches in diameter) was observed southeast of Scottsdale. North-northwest of Tucson, 1.30 inches of rain fell in 45 minutes, and strong thunderstorm wind gusts caused damage to roofing and downed a palm tree. In addition, a swift water rescue occurred in the Santa Cruz River near Prince Road.

On July 4, Coronado National Memorial received 1.20 inches of precipitation, Show Low received 0.43 inches of precipitation, and Picacho received 0.10 inches of precipitation. On July 5, lighter showers occurred at Coronado National Memorial (0.13 inches) and Nogales Airport (0.01 inches). East-northeast of Benson, heavy rainfall led to flash flooding and impassable roadways, causing many cars to pull over to the side of the road.

On July 6, Nogales Airport received 0.18 inches of precipitation, while Bisbee-Douglas received a trace of precipitation. On July 7, Bright Angel, Flagstaff, Phantom Ranch, and Coronado National Memorial each received 0.02 inches of precipitation. On July 8, the Grand Canyon Airport, Flagstaff, and Alpine all received 0.01 inches of precipitation. East-northeast of Tucson, roof damage was reported due to a strong wind gust.

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New record high temperatures were set on July 9 in Phoenix (118°F; previous record 116°F in 2024 and 1958) and Tucson (113°F; previous record 111°F in 2024). Rainfall was measured at Nogales Airport (0.07 inches), Coronado National Memorial (0.02 inches), and Natural Bridge State Park (0.02 inches). Trace precipitation amounts were recorded in San Simon from the 10th – 11th and Flagstaff on the 12th.

On July 13, Nogales Airport received 0.31 inches of precipitation, Prescott received 0.05 inches of precipitation, and Williams received 0.04 inches of precipitation. Quarter-sized hail was measured east-northeast of Sierra Vista. Dust storms occurred in a few locations, including Sierra Vista, east of Chiricahua National Monument, east of Pearce-Sunsites, and southeast of Elgin, bringing visibilities down to less than a quarter of a mile.

Rainfall amounts started to increase in portions of southeastern Arizona on July 14, including Coronado National Memorial (0.40 inches) and McNeal (0.31 inches). By July 15, heavier precipitation amounts also started occurring in parts of northern Arizona, including Winslow (0.92 inches) and Flagstaff (0.85 inches). Both directions of State Route 87 in Winslow were closed due to a flooded underpass at milepost 342, and a landspout tornado was observed south-southwest of Indian Wells in Navajo County. In southeastern Arizona, Tucson received 1.11 inches of precipitation and Bisbee-Douglas received 0.78 inches of precipitation. A trained storm spotter located northeast of Saint David in Cochise County reported 1.18 inches of rainfall in 30 minutes. In Pima County, over 370 people lost power, a tree in Oro Valley was struck by lightning and caught on fire, and a transformer located north-northeast of Tucson exploded due to lightning.

Some areas in Maricopa County received rain on July 16, including Robson Ranch (0.22 inches; previous record 0.13 inches in 2021) and Deer Valley (trace). Other locations that measured rainfall include McNeal (1.15 inches), Flagstaff (0.83 inches), Anvil Ranch (0.72 inches), Payson (0.65 inches), and Heber (0.64 inches). Upstream heavy rainfall led to a 2.8 foot rise in an hour on Cataract Creek below Heather Wash in Coconino County (USGS stream gauge). In Gila County, heavy rainfall occurred on the West Fire burn scar, leading to minor debris flow in a gully that went across Control Road. North-northwest of Tucson, 183 people lost their power.

A few locations in northern Arizona received over an inch of rain on July 17, including Williams (1.15 inches) and Payson (1.01 inches). Other places that recorded rainfall include Bellemont (0.38 inches), Springerville (0.35 inches), Tuzigoot (0.30 inches), and San Simon (0.09 inches). On July 18, Bisbee-Douglas received 0.66 inches of precipitation, Safford Airport received 0.21 inches of precipitation, Show Low received 0.09 inches of precipitation, and Saint Johns received 0.07 inches of precipitation. A dust storm was observed in Safford, causing the visibility to drop under a quarter of a mile.

On July 19, Springerville received 0.15 inches of precipitation and McNeal received 0.09 inches of precipitation. Locations that received rainfall on July 20 include Coronado National Memorial (0.26 inches), Tuzigoot (0.08 inches), and Phoenix (trace).

On July 21, Coronado National Memorial received 0.40 inches of precipitation, Anvil Ranch received 0.25 inches of precipitation, Tucson received 0.13 inches of precipitation, Alpine received 0.12 inches of precipitation, and Scottsdale received a trace of precipitation. A funnel cloud was observed near Hereford and Sierra Vista.

Areas that measured precipitation on July 22 include San Manuel (0.49 inches), McNeal (0.46 inches), Springerville (0.44 inches), Saint Johns (0.33 inches), and Robson Ranch (0.01 inches). A trained storm spotter in Saint David (Cochise County) observed three feet of water moving in a wash that crossed South Miller Lane. In addition, according to a Cochise County official, extensive flood damage between mile post 2.8 and mile post 13 on Ghost Town Trail Road led to a temporary road closure.

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On July 23, Alpine received 0.39 inches of precipitation, San Simon received 0.23 inches of precipitation, and East Mesa received 0.02 inches of precipitation. On July 24, Alpine received an additional 0.62 inches of precipitation.

New record low temperatures were set in a few locations on July 25, including Nogales Airport (62°F; previous record 63°F set in 2005) and Safford Airport (65°F; previous record 66°F set in 2022). On July 27, a new record high temperature was set at Nogales Airport (103°F; previous record 101°F set in 2009).

A localized storm was recorded in Winslow on July 28, bringing rain (0.01 inches) and gusty winds. Meanwhile, in Cochise County, a dust storm occurred in San Simon, causing the visibility to drop to less than a quarter of a mile.

On July 29, Heber received 0.15 inches of precipitation, Window Rock received 0.09 inches of precipitation, and Bisbee-Douglas received 0.02 inches of precipitation. Areas that received precipitation on July 30 include Safford Airport (0.04 inches), Nogales Airport (0.02 inches), and Winslow (trace).

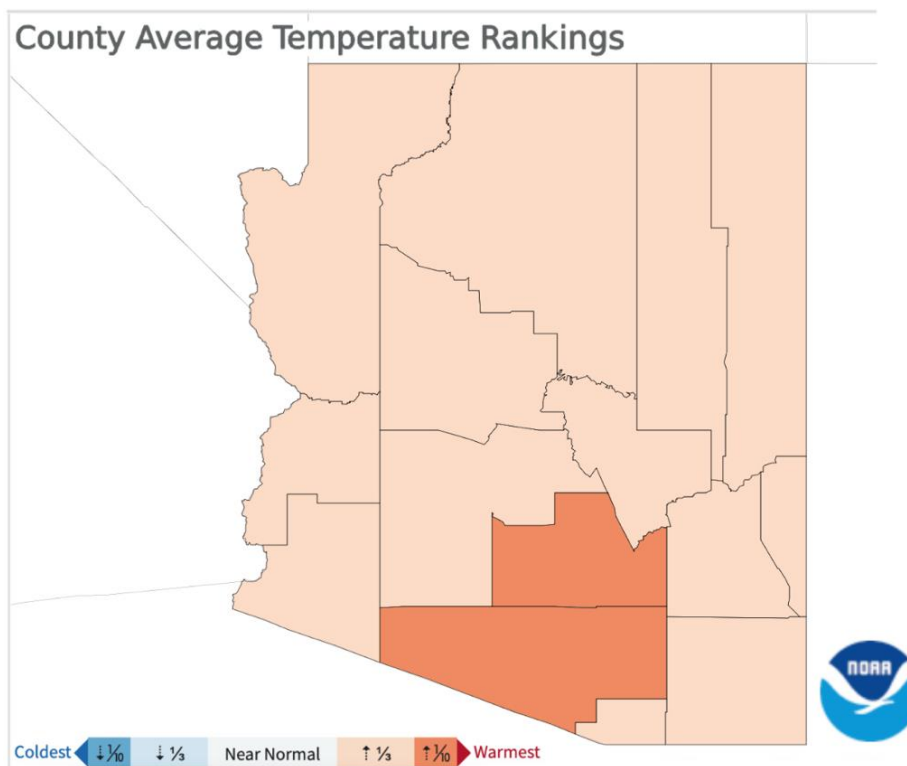
The month concluded with rainfall in some locations, including Alpine (0.26 inches), McNeal (0.22 inches), Safford Airport (0.19 inches), Anvil Ranch (0.04 inches), Window Rock (0.01 inches), and Phoenix (trace). In Pima County, flash flooding was reported on Highway 286 and mile marker 23 (located south-southwest of Three Points), where two feet of water was crossing the roadway.

Data are preliminary and are from NOAA Regional Climate Centers and the National Weather Service Forecast Offices in Flagstaff, Phoenix, Tucson, and Las Vegas.

Note: Weather stations across the state have different reporting times. Official daily temperature and precipitation values are recorded at the airports from midnight to midnight, while statewide observations are taken at varying times throughout the day.

Statewide Average Temperature per County

July 2025



The **average** state temperature for July was **81.5°F**, tying as the **24th hottest** July within the period of record. The **1895-2025 mean average** state temperature for July was **80.1°F**, resulting in an **anomaly** of **+1.4°F**.

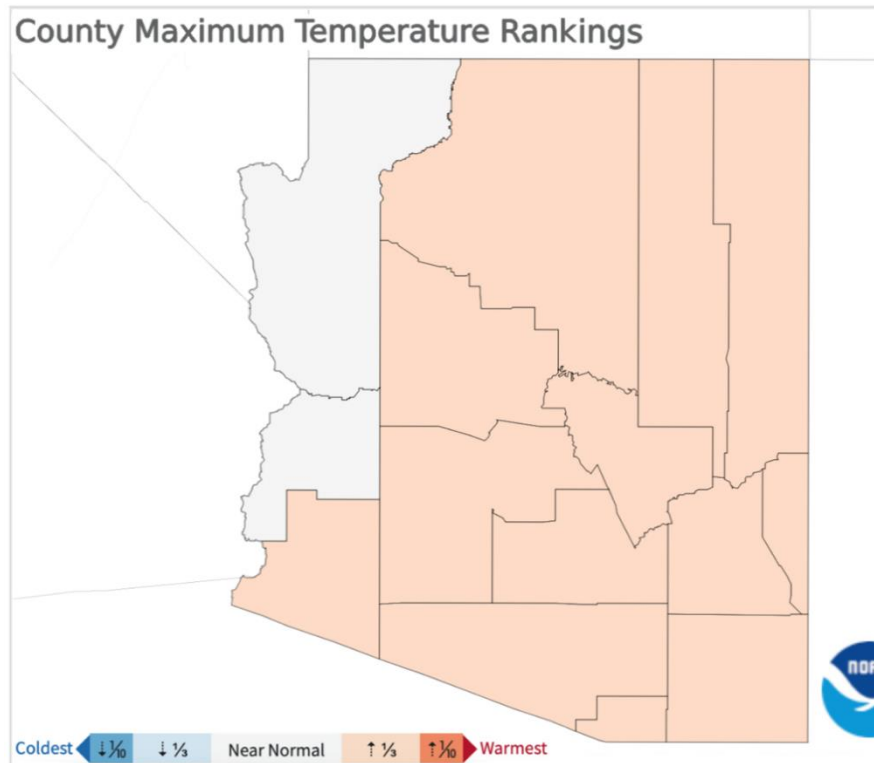
County	Average Temperature	Rank (131 Years)	Anomaly From the 1895-2025 mean
Apache	72.6°F	Tied 27 th hottest	+1.2°F
Cochise	79.4°F	Tied 23 rd hottest	+1.1°F
Coconino	75.2°F	Tied 30 th hottest	+1.5°F
Gila	79.6°F	Tied 32 nd hottest	+1.2°F
Graham	80.4°F	Tied 33 rd hottest	+1.0°F
Greenlee	75.4°F	Tied 35 th hottest	+0.9°F
La Paz	92.7°F	Tied 42 nd hottest	+0.9°F
Maricopa	91.8°F	Tied 19 th hottest	+2.0°F
Mohave	84.0°F	Tied 42 nd hottest	+0.7°F
Navajo	75.2°F	Tied 26 th hottest	+1.7°F
Pima	87.4°F	Tied 11 th hottest	+2.1°F
Pinal	89.6°F	Tied 12 th hottest	+1.9°F
Santa Cruz	78.4°F	22 nd hottest	+1.6°F
Yavapai	79.9°F	Tied 29 th hottest	+1.4°F
Yuma	92.6°F	Tied 30 th hottest	+1.5°F

Period of record: 1895-2025

Data are from the National Centers for Environmental Information and are **preliminary**.

Statewide Maximum Temperature per County

July 2025



The **average maximum** state temperature for July was **96.0°F**, tying as the **27th hottest** July within the period of record. The **1895-2025 mean maximum** state temperature for July was **94.2°F**, resulting in an **anomaly of +1.8°F**.

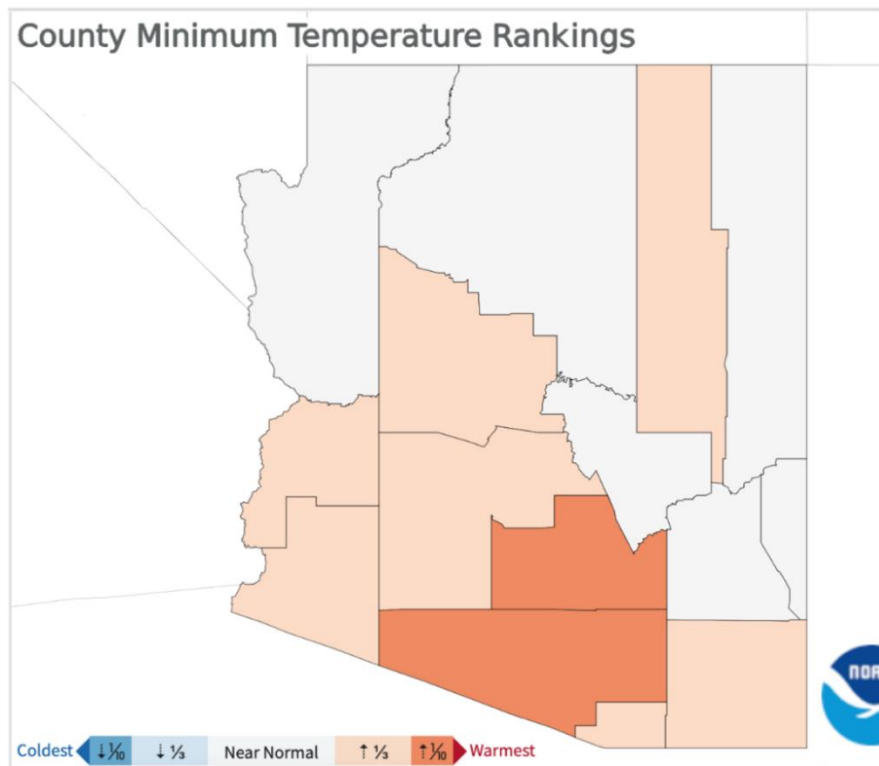
County	Maximum Temperature	Rank (131 Years)	Anomaly From the 1895-2025 mean
Apache	88.1°F	Tied 25 th hottest	+2.1°F
Cochise	93.3°F	Tied 29 th hottest	+1.5°F
Coconino	91.2°F	Tied 22 nd hottest	+2.3°F
Gila	94.5°F	Tied 25 th hottest	+2.1°F
Graham	93.8°F	Tied 30 th hottest	+1.5°F
Greenlee	89.4°F	Tied 22 nd hottest	+1.9°F
La Paz	105.9°F	Tied 48 th hottest	+0.7°F
Maricopa	105.3°F	Tied 24 th hottest	+2.0°F
Mohave	97.3°F	Tied 51 st hottest	+0.5°F
Navajo	90.8°F	Tied 21 st hottest	+2.3°F
Pima	100.8°F	Tied 23 rd hottest	+2.0°F
Pinal	102.8°F	Tied 26 th hottest	+2.0°F
Santa Cruz	91.5°F	Tied 35 th hottest	+1.7°F
Yavapai	94.7°F	Tied 33 rd hottest	+1.6°F
Yuma	106.9°F	Tied 20 th hottest	+2.0°F

Period of record: 1895-2025

Data are from the National Centers for Environmental Information and are **preliminary**.

Statewide Minimum Temperature per County

July 2025



The **average minimum** state temperature for July was **67.0°F**, tying as the **31st hottest** July within the period of record. The **1895-2025 mean minimum** state temperature for July was **66.0°F**, resulting in an **anomaly** of **+1.0°F**.

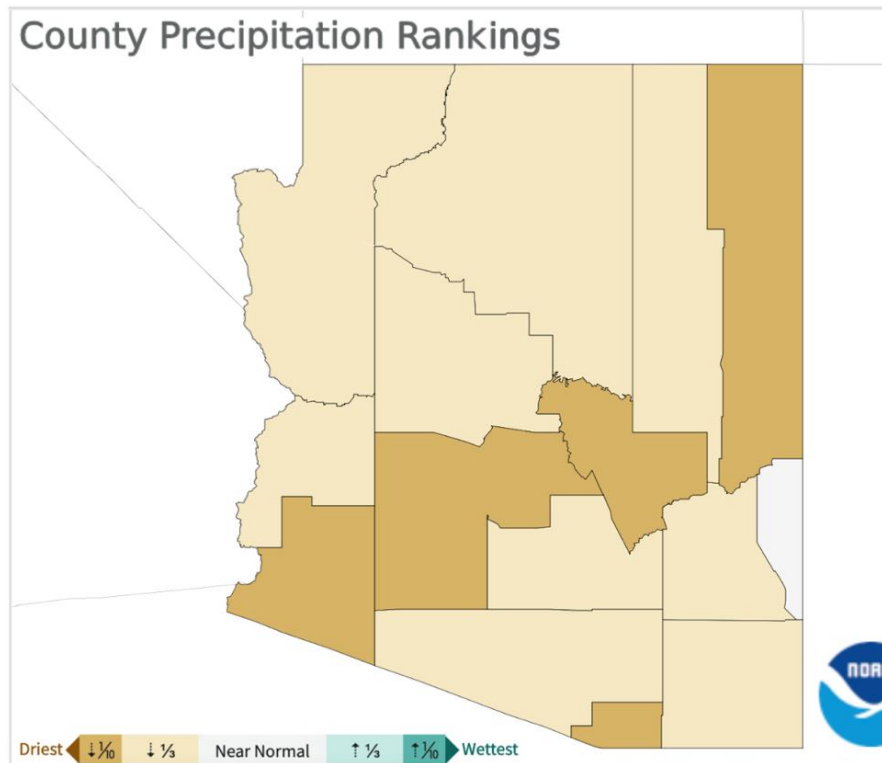
County	Minimum Temperature	Rank (131 Years)	Anomaly From the 1895-2025 mean
Apache	57.1°F	Tied 58 th hottest	+0.3°F
Cochise	65.5°F	Tied 33 rd hottest	+0.7°F
Coconino	59.2°F	Tied 47 th hottest	+0.6°F
Gila	64.7°F	Tied 59 th hottest	+0.3°F
Graham	66.9°F	Tied 48 th hottest	+0.4°F
Greenlee	61.4°F	Tied 56 th coldest	-0.1°F
La Paz	79.4°F	Tied 38 th hottest	+1.0°F
Maricopa	78.3°F	Tied 21 st hottest	+2.0°F
Mohave	70.6°F	Tied 45 th hottest	+0.9°F
Navajo	59.6°F	Tied 37 th hottest	+1.0°F
Pima	74.0°F	Tied 7 th hottest	+2.2°F
Pinal	76.4°F	Tied 13 th hottest	+1.9°F
Santa Cruz	65.2°F	Tied 26 th hottest	+1.3°F
Yavapai	65.1°F	Tied 34 th hottest	+1.2°F
Yuma	78.3°F	Tied 43 ^d hottest	+1.0°F

Period of record: 1895-2025

Data are from the National Centers for Environmental Information and are **preliminary**.

Statewide Total Precipitation per County

July 2025



The **average state precipitation** for July was **0.89 inches**, ranking as the **14th driest** July within the period of record. The **1895-2025 mean state precipitation** for July was **1.78 inches**, resulting in an **anomaly** of **-0.89 inches**.

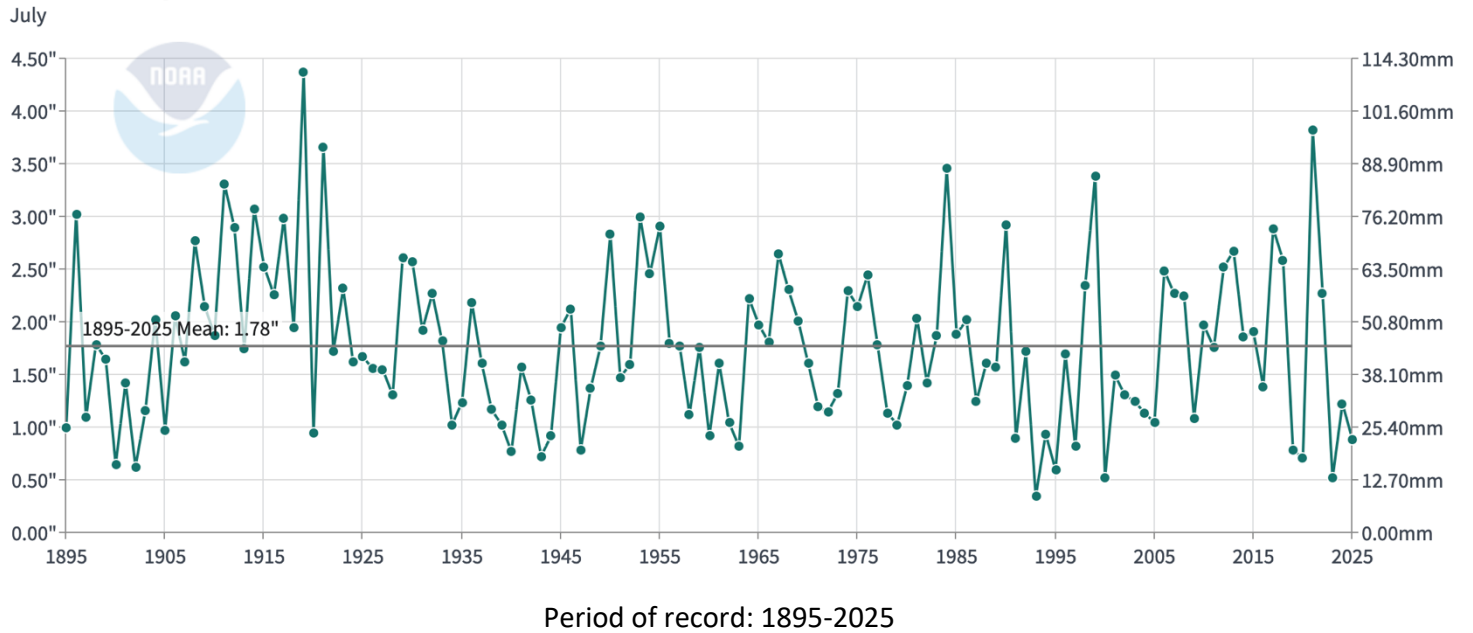
County	Precipitation	Rank (131 Years)	Anomaly From the 1895-2025 mean
Apache	0.84"	Tied 11 th driest	-1.08"
Cochise	2.49"	Tied 39 th driest	-0.75"
Coconino	0.85"	Tied 21 st driest	-0.84"
Gila	1.11"	13 th driest	-1.42"
Graham	1.52"	22 nd driest	-1.10"
Greenlee	2.46"	49 th driest	-0.41"
La Paz	0.16"	Tied 21 st driest	-0.46"
Maricopa	0.22"	Tied 9 th driest	-0.82"
Mohave	0.43"	18 th driest	-0.70"
Navajo	1.14"	38 th driest	-0.57"
Pima	1.23"	19 th driest	-1.13"
Pinal	0.65"	14 th driest	-1.10"
Santa Cruz	2.34"	13 th driest	-2.10"
Yavapai	0.75"	Tied 15 th driest	-1.22"
Yuma	0.01"	Tied 3 rd driest	-0.48"

Period of record: 1895-2025

Data are from the National Centers for Environmental Information and are **preliminary**.

July Statewide Precipitation (1895 to date)

Arizona Precipitation



This chart shows average Arizona precipitation each July through the period of record (1895 to present). July 2025 ranked as the **14th driest** with an average of **0.89 inches**, which is **0.89 inches below** the **1895-2025 average of 1.78 inches**.

Data are from the National Centers for Environmental Information and are **preliminary**.

Flagstaff Climate Statistics

July 2025

This tied as the 54th hottest July on record (9/10/1898 to present). With 2.08 inches of precipitation, it ranked as the 47th driest July on record.

Total July Precipitation: 2.08"
Normal July Precipitation: 2.61"
Departure from Normal: -0.53"
Greatest 24-Hr Precip: 0.85" on 15th

Avg Max Temp: 82.3°F Normal: 82.0°F
Avg Min Temp: 50.7°F Normal: 51.4°F
Avg Mean Temp: 66.5°F Normal: 66.7°F

Total Precipitation Year-to-Date: 8.13"
Normal Precipitation Year-to-Date: 10.67"
Departure from Normal: -2.54"
Total Precip Year-to-Date (Last Year): 12.75"

Highest Monthly Avg Temp: 71.4°F in 2023
Lowest Monthly Avg Temp: 61.1°F in 1912

Greatest July Precipitation: 7.58" in 1919
Least July Precipitation: 0.00" in 1993

Highest Temp this month: 92°F on 9th
Lowest Temp this month: 41°F on 26th

Average Wind Speed: 6.5 mph
Highest Wind Speed: 29 mph from 210° on 3rd
29 mph from 220° on 10th
Highest Peak Gust: 42 mph from 220° on 10th

Record High: 97°F on 7/5/1973
Record Low: 32°F on 7/8/1955, 7/7/1955,
7/5/1955, 7/5/1912,
7/4/1912

Data are from NOAA Regional Climate Centers and are **preliminary**.

No temperature or precipitation records this month.

Normals on this page are from 1991-2020

Flagstaff Number of Days of:
Maximum Temp 80°F or greater 21
Maximum Temp 90°F or greater 2
Measurable Precipitation 13
(0.01" or greater)
Trace Precipitation 1
(less than 0.01")



Flagstaff measured 14 days of above average temperatures, 2 days of average temperatures, and 15 days of below average temperatures this month.

Phoenix Climate Statistics

July 2025

This ranked as the 9th hottest July on record (8/6/1895 to present). With 0.16 inches of precipitation, it tied as the 18th driest July on record.

Avg Max Temp: 107.6°F Normal: 106.5°F
Avg Min Temp: 86.2°F Normal: 84.5°F
Avg Mean Temp: 96.9°F Normal: 95.5°F

Highest Monthly Avg Temp: 102.7°F in 2023
Lowest Monthly Avg Temp: 85.4°F in 1912

Highest Temp this month: 118°F on 9th
Lowest Temp this month: 78°F on 2nd, 3rd

Record High: 121°F on 7/28/1995
Record Low: 63°F on 7/5/1912, 7/4/1912

Temperature or precipitation records this month:

Highest Maximum Temperature: 118°F on 7/9/2025;
previous record 116°F on 7/9/2024 and 7/9/1958

Highest Minimum Temperature: 93°F on 7/1/2025;
previous record 90°F on 7/1/2013, 7/1/2008, and 2
other years

Highest Minimum Temperature: 93°F on 7/9/2025;
tied record set on 7/9/2021

Highest Minimum Temperature: 95°F on 7/10/2025;
previous record 92°F on 7/10/2024

Phoenix Number of Days of:

Maximum Temp 100°F or greater	29
Maximum Temp 110°F or greater	12
Maximum Temp 115°F or greater	1

Phoenix Number of Days of (cont.):

Measurable Precipitation (0.01" or greater)	1
Trace Precipitation (less than 0.01")	4

Total July Precipitation:	0.16"
Normal July Precipitation:	0.91"
Departure from Normal:	-0.75"
Greatest 24-Hr Precip:	0.16" on 2 nd

Total Precipitation Year-to-Date:	1.63"
Normal Precipitation Year-to-Date:	3.85"
Departure from Normal:	-2.22"
Total Precip Year-to-Date (Last Year):	4.19"

Greatest July Precipitation:	6.47" in 1911
Least July Precipitation:	0.00" in 2023 and 2 other years

Average Wind Speed:	8.0 mph
Highest Wind Speed:	32 mph from 100° on 2 nd
Highest Peak Gust:	43 mph from 110° on 2 nd

Data are from NOAA Regional Climate Centers and are **preliminary**.

Normals on this page are from 1991-2020



Phoenix observed 19 days of above average temperatures and 12 days of below average temperatures this month.

Tucson Climate Statistics

July 2025

This ranked as the 11th hottest July on record (9/1/1894 to present). With 1.88 inches of precipitation, it tied as the 64th driest July on record.

Avg Max Temp: 101.6°F Normal: 100.2°F
Avg Min Temp: 78.0°F Normal: 76.3°F
Avg Mean Temp: 89.8°F Normal: 88.2°F

Highest Monthly Avg Temp: 94.2°F in 2023
Lowest Monthly Avg Temp: 81.6°F in 1912*

Highest Temp this month: 113°F on 9th
Lowest Temp this month: 68°F on 16th

Record High: 114°F on 7/28/1995, 7/4/1989
Record Low: 49°F on 7/3/1911

Temperature or precipitation records this month:
Highest Maximum Temperature: 113°F on 7/9/2025;
previous record 111°F on 7/9/2024

Highest Minimum Temperature: 85°F on 7/1/2025;
tied record set on 7/1/2010

Highest Minimum Temperature: 86°F on 7/10/2025;
previous record 84°F on 7/10/2020 and 7/10/2010

Highest Minimum Temperature: 83°F on 7/20/2025;
tied record set on 7/20/1919

Highest Minimum Temperature: 81°F on 7/30/2025;
previous record 80°F on 7/30/2020, 7/30/2014, and
4 other years

Tucson Number of Days of:

Maximum Temp 90°F or greater	30
Maximum Temp 100°F or greater	21
Maximum Temp 110°F or greater	1
Measurable Precipitation (0.01" or greater)	6
Trace Precipitation (less than 0.01")	0

Total July Precipitation:	1.88"
Normal July Precipitation:	2.21"
Departure from Normal:	-0.33"
Greatest 24-Hr Precip:	1.11" on 15 th

Total Precipitation Year-to-Date:	2.79"
Normal Precipitation Year-to-Date:	5.12"
Departure from Normal:	-2.33"
Total Precip Year-to-Date (Last Year):	9.77"

Greatest July Precipitation: 8.06" in 2021
Least July Precipitation: 0.04" in 1995

Average Wind Speed: 7.4 mph
Highest Wind Speed: 37 mph from 170° on 2nd
Highest Peak Gust: 56 mph from 160° on 2nd

*Missing data on 7/4/1912

Data are from NOAA Regional Climate Centers and
are **preliminary**.

Normals on this page are from 1991-2020

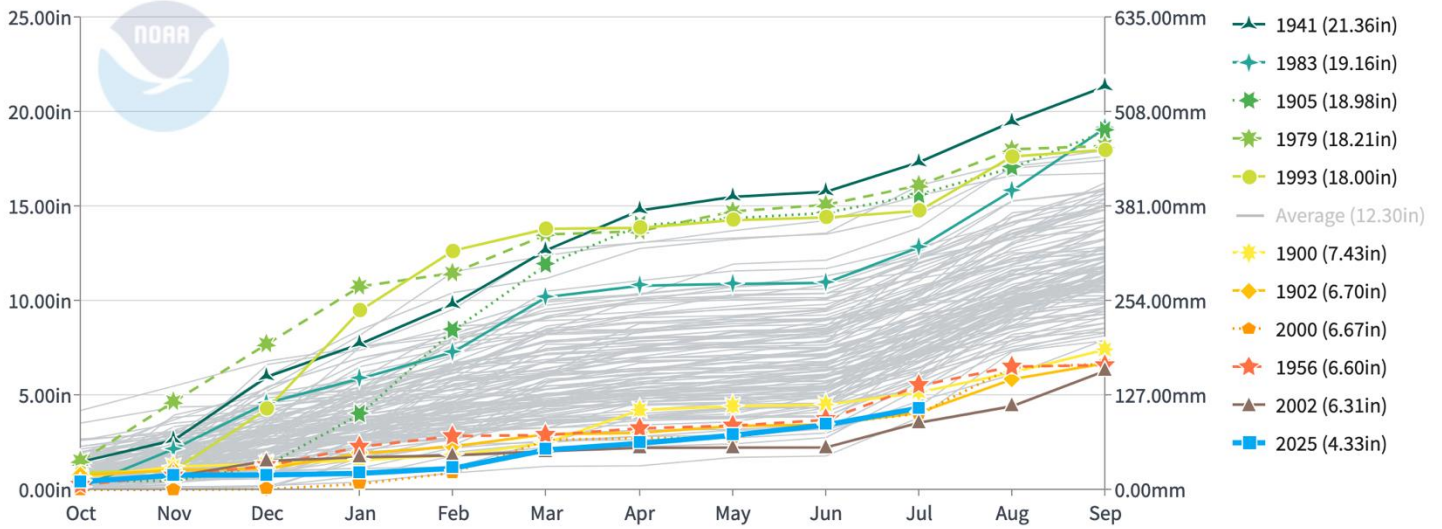


Tucson recorded 18 days of above average temperatures, 1 day of average temperatures, and 12 days of below average temperatures this month.

Cumulative Statewide Precipitation per Water Year (Oct 2024-Sept 2025)

Arizona

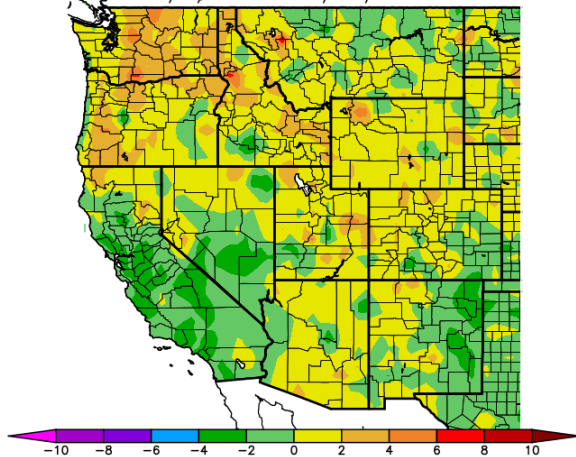
October-September Precipitation



The 5 wettest Water Years are shown with green lines, the 5 driest Water Years are shown with brown lines, and the current Water Year is the blue line. The **average state cumulative Water Year precipitation (October-July)** was **4.33 inches**, which is **4.68 inches below** the **October-July average of 9.01 inches**.

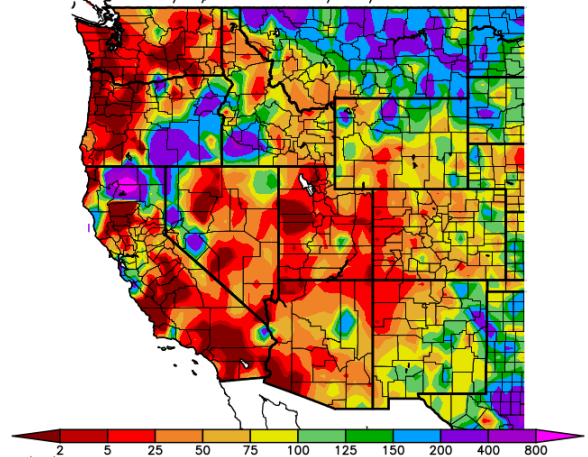
Data are from the National Centers for Environmental Information and are **preliminary**.

Ave. Temperature dep from Ave (deg F)
7/1/2025 – 7/31/2025



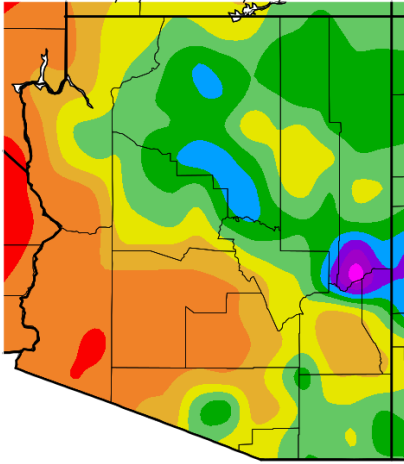
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NOAA Regional Climate Centers

Percent of Average Precipitation (%)
7/1/2025 – 7/31/2025



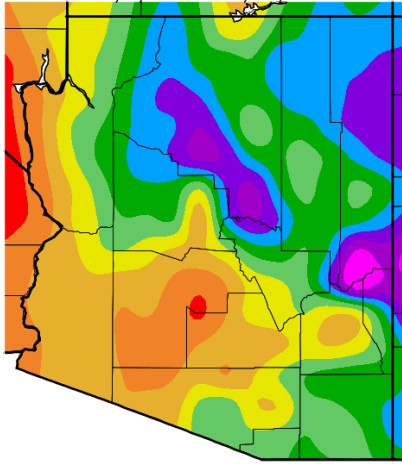
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Av. Max. Temperature (deg. F)
7/1/2025 – 7/31/2025



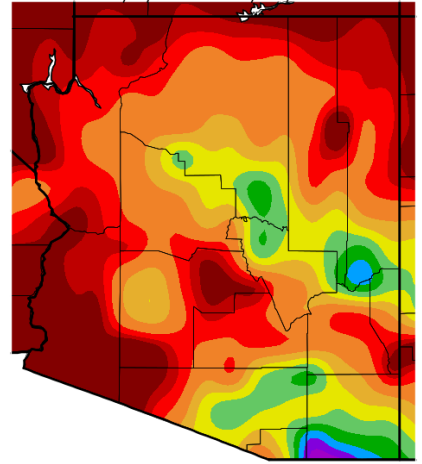
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NOAA Regional Climate Centers

Av. Min. Temperature (deg. F)
7/1/2025 – 7/31/2025



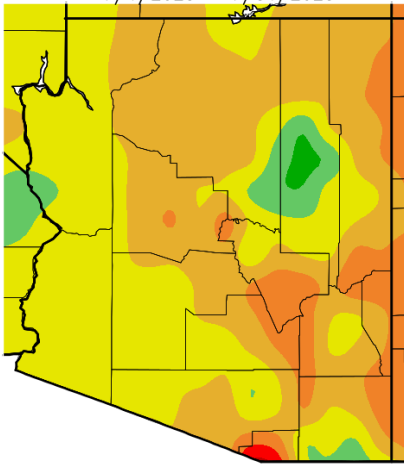
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Total Precipitation (in.)
7/1/2025 – 7/31/2025



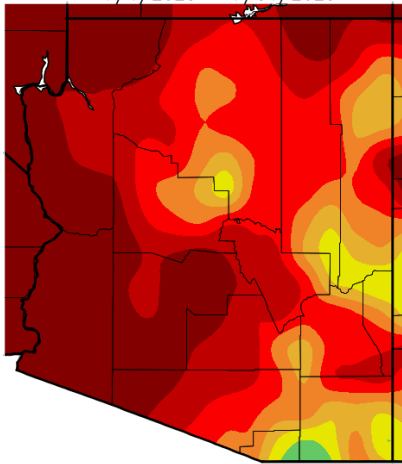
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NOAA Regional Climate Centers

Precipitation Departure from Average (in.)
7/1/2025 – 7/31/2025



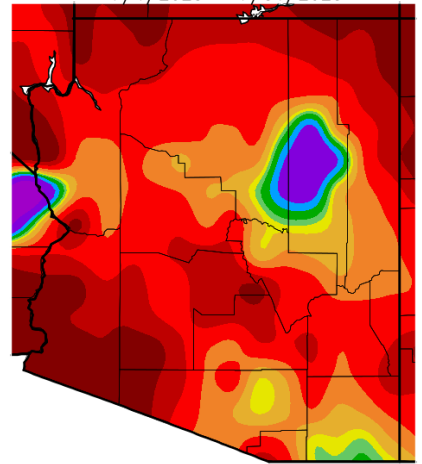
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NOAA Regional Climate Centers

Precipitation # Days > 0.01"
7/1/2025 – 7/31/2025



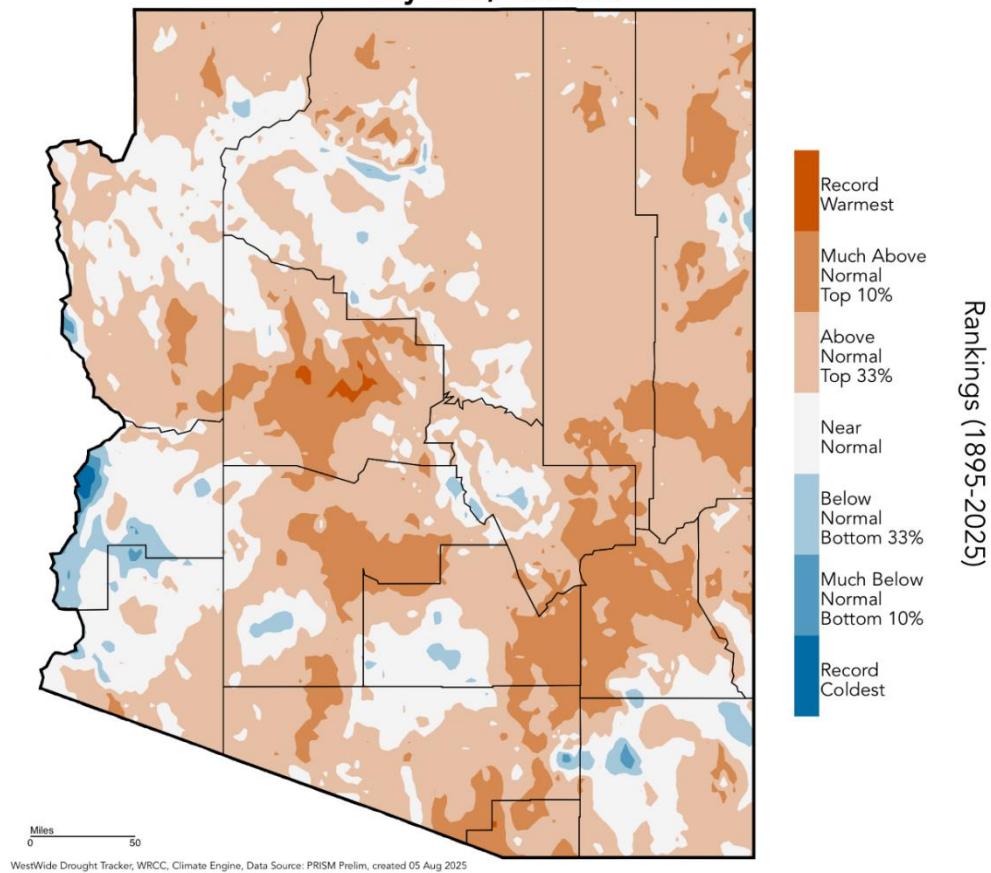
Generated 8/1/2025 at WRCC using provisional data.
NOAA Regional Climate Centers

Percent of Average Precipitation (%)
7/1/2025 – 7/31/2025



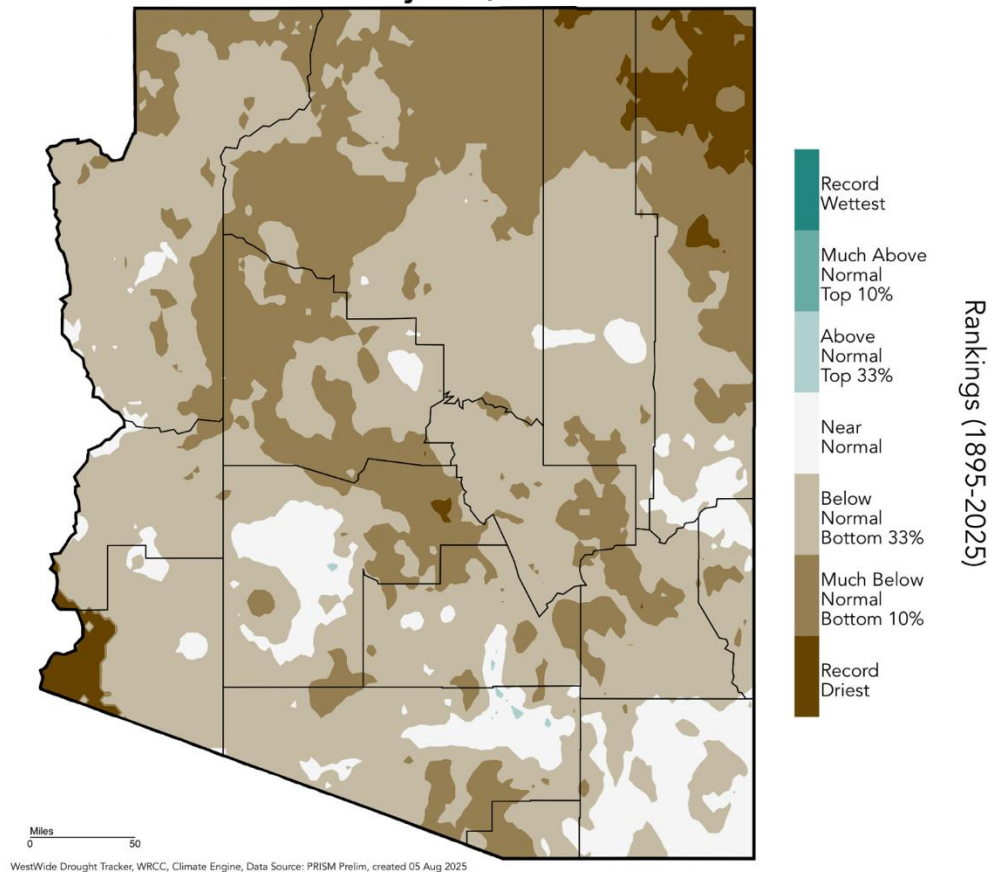
Generated 8/1/2025 at WRCC using provisional data.
NOAA Regional Climate Centers

Arizona - Mean Temperature July 2025, Percentile

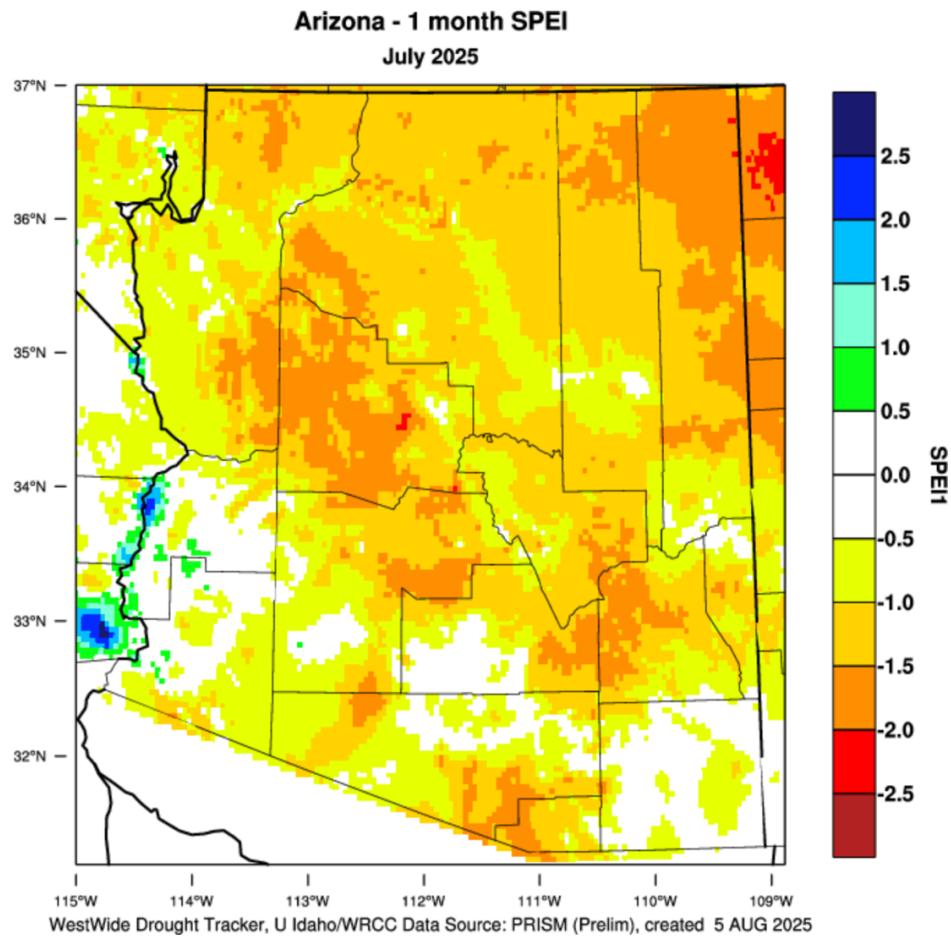


Temperatures were above normal across much of the state, with portions of Apache, Gila, Graham, Maricopa, Navajo, Pima, Pinal, Santa Cruz, and Yavapai counties experiencing much above normal temperatures.

Arizona - Precipitation July 2025, Percentile



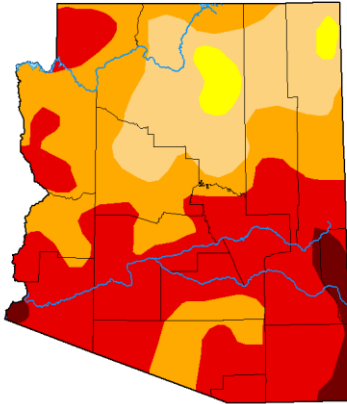
Precipitation was below normal to much below normal across most of the state this month.



This map shows the Standardized Precipitation Evapotranspiration Index (SPEI) across Arizona. July precipitation and evapotranspiration totals are measured across the state and are compared to previous July precipitation and evapotranspiration totals through the period of record (1895-present). Positive values represent wet conditions, while negative values represent dry conditions.

Short-term Drought

U.S. Drought Monitor Arizona



July 1, 2025
(Released Thursday, Jul. 3, 2025)
Valid 8 a.m. EDT

	None	D0	D1	D2	D3	D4
Current	0.00	2.67	19.49	31.05	43.70	3.10
Last Week (6/24/2025)	0.00	2.67	19.49	31.05	43.70	1.70
3 Months Ago (4/1/2025)	0.00	0.74	11.15	29.66	51.24	7.21
Start of Calendar Year (1/1/2025)	3.74	19.63	31.09	31.50	14.03	0.00
Start of Water Year (10/1/2024)	27.62	32.48	35.29	4.61	0.00	0.00
One Year Ago (7/1/2024)	31.87	40.77	15.44	1.92	0.00	0.00

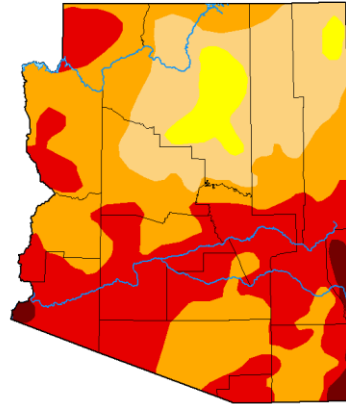
Intensity
None D0 Abnormally Dry D1 Moderate Drought D2 Severe Drought D3 Extreme Drought D4 Exceptional Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to <https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx>

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National Drought Mitigation Center



U.S. Drought Monitor Arizona



July 29, 2025
(Released Thursday, Jul. 31, 2025)
Valid 8 a.m. EDT

	None	D0	D1	D2	D3	D4
Current	0.00	4.70	20.88	37.12	34.98	2.32
Last Week (7/22/2025)	0.00	4.70	20.89	37.12	34.98	2.32
3 Months Ago (4/29/2025)	0.00	0.66	10.62	21.56	54.82	12.34
Start of Calendar Year (1/1/2025)	3.74	19.63	31.09	31.50	14.03	0.00
Start of Water Year (10/1/2024)	27.62	32.48	35.29	4.61	0.00	0.00
One Year Ago (7/30/2024)	33.69	47.95	15.44	1.92	0.00	0.00

Intensity
None D0 Abnormally Dry D1 Moderate Drought D2 Severe Drought D3 Extreme Drought D4 Exceptional Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to <https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx>

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A somewhat wetter monsoon start for Tucson and Flagstaff during the first two weeks of July allowed for a slight improvement in Coconino and Pima counties and southeastern Arizona.

Percent of Statewide Area Change in Short-term Drought

Category	July 1, 2025	July 29, 2025	Change
No Drought	0	0	0
D0 – Abnormally Dry	3	5	+2
D1 – Moderate Drought	19	21	+2
D2 – Severe Drought	31	37	+6
D3 – Extreme Drought	44	35	-9
D4 – Exceptional Drought	3	2	-1



Disclaimer

This report contains preliminary weather and climate data accessed from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. Additional information may come from other sources. While every effort is made to verify this information prior to publication, please recognize that the data used in this report are always preliminary and subject to revision. The user assumes responsibility for usage of information from this report. In no event will the Arizona State Climate Office or Arizona State University be liable to any user or third party for any direct, indirect, incidental, consequential, special, or exemplary damages, lost profit, or injuries resulting from any use or misuse of these data.